## Subject - Drama

The Key Stage 3 and 4 Drama curriculum works on a 3-cycle structure. Pupils are assessed in a standardised way in conjunction with the curriculum collaboration project 2019. Each 12-week cycle focuses on information shared through a knowledge organiser at the start of a topic. These KO's will be used to inform content learnt and also homework studied. Each cycle is typically assessed at 4 separate points during the 12 weeks. At the beginning of each cycle there will be a knowledge check, which is repeated again at the end of the cycle to check recall, application and analysis of what has been learnt. There will be a further 2 assessment points where the focus is on the application of knowledge and will be practical.

Each cycle is designed to introduce pupils to a different component contained in the BTEC Performing Arts qualification, which is studied at Key Stage 4. Cycle 1 links to Component 1 (Exploring the Performing Arts) and focuses on the introduction to performance and physical skills and also to key theatre practitioners. Cycle 2 focuses on Component 2 of the BTEC (Developing Skills and Techniques) and gives pupils the opportunity to investigate specific genres and styles of performance. Cycle 3 is linked to Component 3 (Responding to a Brief) and is a more synoptic cycle. It brings together the skills and knowledge learnt over the previous 2 cycles to culminate in a devised performance and reflection.

The rigorous and aspirational nature of how the Key Stage 3 curriculum is taught means that all pupils, regardless of whether they take it on at KS4, have the chance to develop their social, personal and professional growth. They are given the opportunities to be driven by curiosity and perseverance; challenging themselves to be better members of society.





Autumn 1 INTRODUCTION TO	Autumn 2 INTRODUCTION TO	Spring 1 EXPLORING GENRE	Spring 2  EXPLORING GENRE	Summer 1 CREATING FROM A	CREATING FROM A
PERFORMANCE	PERFORMANCE	AND STYLE	AND STYLE	STIMULUS	STIMULUS
SKILLS	SKILLS	<b>Topic:</b> Physical Theatre	Topic: Commedia	Topic: Devising	Topic: Evacuees
<b>Topic:</b> Intro to Drama	<b>Topic:</b> Spy School	Focus: Exploring Genre	Dell'Arte	Focus: Responding	Focus: Performing
and storytelling	Focus: Performance	and style	Focus: Exploring	to and devising from	for an audience
Focus: Basic Drama and	skills and character	Assessment:	Genre and Style	a brief	(target audience and
performance skills	development	1) Pre and post	Assessment:	Assessment	message)
Assessment:	Assessment:	knowledge check	1) Pre and post	1) Pre and post	Assessment:
1) Pre and post	1) Pre and post	2) Week 2 – application	knowledge check	knowledge check	1) Pre and post
knowledge check	knowledge check	of rehearsal techniques	2) Week 5 –	2) Week 3–	knowledge check
2) One summative	2) Week 2 – application	3) Week 5 – application	application of stock	reflection of	2) Week 3–
assessment based on	of character	of physical theatre skills	character	empathy and ability	reflection of target
performance concept	development	performance	performance	to respond to a brief	audience and
understanding. This	3) Week 5 – application	<b>Key questions:</b> What is a	3) Week 6 extended	3) Week 5	message
will include a written	of strategies	genre of theatre? What	writing task	application of	3) Week 5
reflection on own	performance	key characteristics define	Key questions: Why	knowledge	application of
performance abilities	4) Week 6 extended	physical theatre? Who	are characters	performance	knowledge
Key questions:	writing task	are Frantic Assembly?	exaggerated? Where	Key questions: Why	performance
What is Drama? Why do	<b>Key questions:</b> Why do	How do they rehearse	do we see stock	do we make theatre?	<b>Key questions:</b> What
we create theatre and	we need to develop a	their work?	characters in other	How do we devise	social and historical
why do we play?	character? What	Knowledge/ Skills	performance areas?	from a brief? Why is	influences are there
What is audience	techniques can be used	covered:	What social issues	choosing the correct	on our culture? How
awareness? Why is	to develop a character?	Physicalising, trust,	does Commedia	target audience	do we create a
working in a group	How do I structure a	unison/ canon, non-	raise?	important?	performance for a
important?	performance that is	verbal communication,	Knowledge/ Skills	Knowledge/ Skills	target audience?
Knowledge/ Skills	effective?	Chair duet, push hands,	covered:	covered:	Knowledge/ Skills
covered:	Knowledge/ Skills	personification	Grammelot, Stock	Developing empathy,	covered:
Body language, gesture,	covered:		characters	freeze frame,	Freeze frame,
vocal skills, narration,	Role on the wall, Hot		History of commedia,	marking the	thought track, role
devising, character	seating, Multi-role		character	moment, creating	play, mime,
development,	playing, Gestus,		development, body	atmosphere, target	developing
performance structure,	Flashback, Spontaneous		language and	audience, proxemics,	atmosphere,
audience awareness	improvisation		gesture, Lazzi, status	levels, gesture, body	transitions,
			and power	language, facial	flashback, target
				expressions	audience, message



Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
EXPLORING PHYSIC		CREATING A THEME	CREATING A	APPLYING	APPLYING
SKILLS AND	SKILLS AND	BASED PERFORMANCE	THEME BASED	STYLISTIC	STYLISTIC
PRACTITIONERS	PRACTITIONERS	Topic: War/Conflict	PERFORMANCE	QUALITIES TO	QUALITIES TO
(Little Sister)	<b>Topic:</b> Epic Theatre	Focus: Theme based	Topic: Our Town	PERFORMANCE	PERFORMANCE
Topic: Naturalism	Focus: Exploring	performance	Focus: Theme based	Topic: Theatre in	Topic: Social Media
Focus: Exploring	practitioners - Bertolt	<b>Assessment:</b> Pre and	performance	Education	(Theatre in
practitioners -	Brecht. Theatre for the	post knowledge check	Assessment: Pre	Focus:	Education)
Konstantin Stanislav		Summative assessment –	and post knowledge	Understanding	Focus: Audience
Theatre for the hear		reflection on selection	check	elements of TiE	engagement and key
Assessment:	Pre-knowledge check	and application of	Summative	Assessment: Pre	aims and objectives
Pre-knowledge chec		specific Brechtian	assessment -	and post knowledge	<b>Assessment:</b> Final
Week 5 in depth	skills	techniques	reflection on	check	performance for
character check	Week 5: performance	<b>Key questions:</b> Why do	selection and	Week 4: practical	Primary school
(extended writing ta		we create theatre for	application of	check of application	children
Week 6 performance		political change? What	specific Stanislavski	of skills learnt	Knowledge/skills
from Stanislavski sk		impact can theatre have	techniques	Knowledge/skills	covered:
Post knowledge ched		on society?	Key questions:	covered:	Practitioner
<b>Key questions:</b> Wha	<b>O</b> ,	Knowledge/skills	Why is it important	Challenge	influences,
was the Stanislavski	covered: Placards,	<b>covered:</b> Application of	to keep heritage	perception, key	Cinderella (a modern
method? How does i	31 71	Epic Theatre skills,	alive? How do you fit	messages, target	twist), internet
work in performance		placards, multi-role	into your	audience, aims and	awareness, target
What effect does it h	1 3 0,	playing, breaking the 4th	community? What	objectives, response	audience,
on the actor/audien		wall	makes a community	to a stimulus,	performance skills -
Knowledge/ Skills	4 <sup>th</sup> wall		thrive?	practitioner	vocal, physical etc
covered:			Knowledge/skills covered:	influences	
Naturalism, Magic If					
subtext, objective, gi	ven		Application of Stanislavski		
circumstance, hot seating, character			performance skills,		
development			Improvisation,		
developilient			character		
			development, status		
			development, status		
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	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Topic: Component 1	<b>Topic:</b> Component 1	<b>Topic:</b> Component 2	<b>Topic:</b> Component 2	<b>Topic:</b> Component 3	<b>Topic:</b> Component 3
	Focus: Introduction to	Focus: Splendid	Focus: Performance	Focus: Recreating	Focus: Responding	(Responding to a
9	rehearsal approaches	Productions	skills development	existing repertoire in	to a brief (Fame)	brief)
	Assessment: Baseline	Assessment:	Assessment: Skills audit	the style of a	Assessment:	Focus: Mock
	assessment –	Summative assessment	x 2	practitioner	Development of	component 3
	performance of a script	on knowledge learnt	3 x SMART targets	Assessment: SMART	skills (logbook)	performance using
	to be learnt. Repeat	about Splendid	Evaluation of	targets, logbook,	Videoed rehearsals	the brief from last
	performance from	Participation and	performance progress	final performance	Knowledge/skills	year's exam
	beginning and compare	evaluation of workshop	made	Knowledge/skills	covered: Developing	Content covered:
	differences between	rehearsals	Knowledge/skills	covered:	skills on responding	Understand how to
	approach to text	Knowledge/skills	covered: vocal, physical,	Stanislavski,	to a brief include:	respond to a brief,
	Knowledge/ Skills	covered: research and	interpretative skills.	monologue,	mind maps, hot	select and develop
	covered:	collaborative learning, episodic storytelling,	Participate in a number of workshops relating to	character development, hot	seating, tableaux, rehearsal structure,	appropriate skills and techniques,
	Introduce stylistics	chorus, gestus	basic performance skills.	seating, role on the	types of rehearsals,	evaluate
	qualities, influence of	storytelling song,	Understanding the	wall, mind map,	creation of rhearsal	development
	practitioner on stylistic	chorus, narration, freeze,	important of	thought tracking,	schedules, target	process.
	qualities, application of	slow motion, multi-role,	development of skill	blocking, learning	audience,	Skills: Vocal and
	rehearsal techniques,	puppetry, physical	Identifying individual	lines, magic if,	<b>Skills:</b> energy, focus,	physical skills,
	actors roles and	theatre, projections and	strengths and areas for	subtext, objective,	concentration,	knowledge of theatre
	responsibilities in	placards, juxtaposition	improvement	given circumstance	commitment	genres, energy,
	rehearsal and	placards, juxtaposition		gry on on ounseamer		focus, concentration,
	performance	Decreation alone arts of				commitment
	investigated	Recreating elements of their rehearsal process				Considerations:
		Written reflection of the				target audience,
						performance space,
		rehearsal process and an				planning, running
		actors experience, roles				time, style of work
		and responsibilities of an				Structure: 6 hours
		actor, director and				devising and
		designer during a				2 hours write up)
		performance				
Car						
PE PE						



Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Component 1	Component 1	Component 1	Component 2	Component 2	Component 2
Focus: Frantic	Focus: Splendid	Focus: Yael Farber	Focus: Self-	Focus: Recreating	Focus: Recreating
Assembly	Productions	Assessment: Practical	evaluation	existing repertoire in	existing repertoire in
<b>Assessment:</b> Praction	al <b>Assessment:</b> Practical	workshop style	Assessment: Skills	the style of a	the style of a
workshop style	workshop style	rehearsals, completion of	audit, SMART	practitioner	practitioner
rehearsals, completi	on rehearsals, completion	a research log	targets, logbooks,	Assessment:	Assessment:
of a research log	of a research log	Content covered:	Content covered:	Rehearsals, SMART	Rehearsals, SMART
Hand out date:	Content covered:	Research and rehearsal	Completing a skills	targets, logbooks,	targets, logbooks,
October	Research and rehearsal	techniques explored for	audit of own	final performance	final performance
Content covered:	techniques explored for	Yael Farber's The	performance ability,	Content covered:	Content covered:
Research and rehear	sal Macbeth by Splendid	Crucible. Complete	working on specific	Brecht, John Godber,	Brecht, John Godber,
techniques explored		practical workshops of	SMART targets and	Bouncers and	Bouncers and
Frantic Assemblies "	The practical workshops of	rehearsals in the style of	participating in	Shakers	Shakers
Curious Incident of t	he rehearsals in the style	Stanislavski	generic performance	introduction,	introduction,
Dog in the Night-tim	e" of Splendid a		based workshops.	rehearsal of play	rehearsal of play
Complete practical	_	Rehearsal techniques,		extracts, completion	extracts, completion
workshops of	Rehearsal techniques,	stylistic qualities of the	Workshops to	of log books.	of log books.
rehearsals in the sty	e stylistic qualities of the	play, roles and	include:		
of Frantic Assembly	play, roles and	responsibilities of	Warm up, voice,		
,	responsibilities of	actor/director/designer	movement, multi-		
Rehearsal technique		and the constituent	role playing, hot		
stylistic qualities of	and the constituent	features	seating, character		
Frantic, roles and	features		development,		
responsibilities of		Interrelationships	tableaux, thought		
actor/director/design	mer	between constituent	tunnel, thought		
and the constituent	, -	features to be examined.	tracking etc		
features all need to l	e l		8		
examined and		Component 1 hand in			
completed in a resea	rch	date: February half			
log.		term			
			1	1	



	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Component 2	Component 3	Component 3	Component 3		
Yr	Focus: Recreating	Focus: Skills	Focus: Devised	Focus: Completion		
	existing repertoire in	Development in	performance	of write up after		
11	the style of a	preparation for	Assessment: Practical	performance (3		
	practitioner	Component 3	exam based on a brief set	hours)		
	Assessment:	Working on: Vocal,	by the exam board	·		
	Rehearsals, SMART	physical and	Content covered:	Content covered:		
	targets, logbooks, final	interpretative skills	Understand how to	Contribution to the		
	performance	Content covered:	respond to a brief, select	brief, contribution		
	Content covered:	Revision of component	and develop appropriate	from other group		
	Brecht, John Godber,	1 and component 2,	skills and techniques,	members, skills and		
	Bouncers and Shakers	skills audit completed	evaluate development	techniques used and		
	introduction, rehearsal	again, taking part in	process.	their effectiveness,		
	of play extracts,	skills development	<b>Skills:</b> Vocal and physical	individual strengths		
	completion of log	workshops, selecting	skills, knowledge of	and areas for		
	books.	and identifying correct	theatre genres, energy,	improvement,		
		style and skills needed	focus, concentration,	effectiveness of		
	Component 2 hand in	for an identified target	commitment	response to the brief		
	date October half	audience.	Considerations: target	(target audience)		
	term	Considerations: target	audience, performance			
		audience, performance	space, planning, running	Assessment: Exam		
		space, planning,	time, style of work	conditions		
		running time, style of	Structure: 11 hours (8			
		work	hours devising and			
			3 hours write up)			



